Context

- Increasing temperatures, changes in rainfall patterns, and extreme weather events directly impact the availability and quality of forage, water resources, and overall animal health.
- Traditional sheep fattening methods, which often involve feeding animals with low-quality forage, result in inefficient digestion and higher methane emissions.

Our innovative approach

- Exploring the potential of food-feed crops, mainly barley, using its abundant by-products as viable protein sources.
- Installed integrated feed processing machines to streamline the production and commercialisation of Total Mixed Ration (TMR)
- Established Youth sheep fattening groups to demonstrate modern sheep fattening with a **Community of Practice (CoP) partnership**





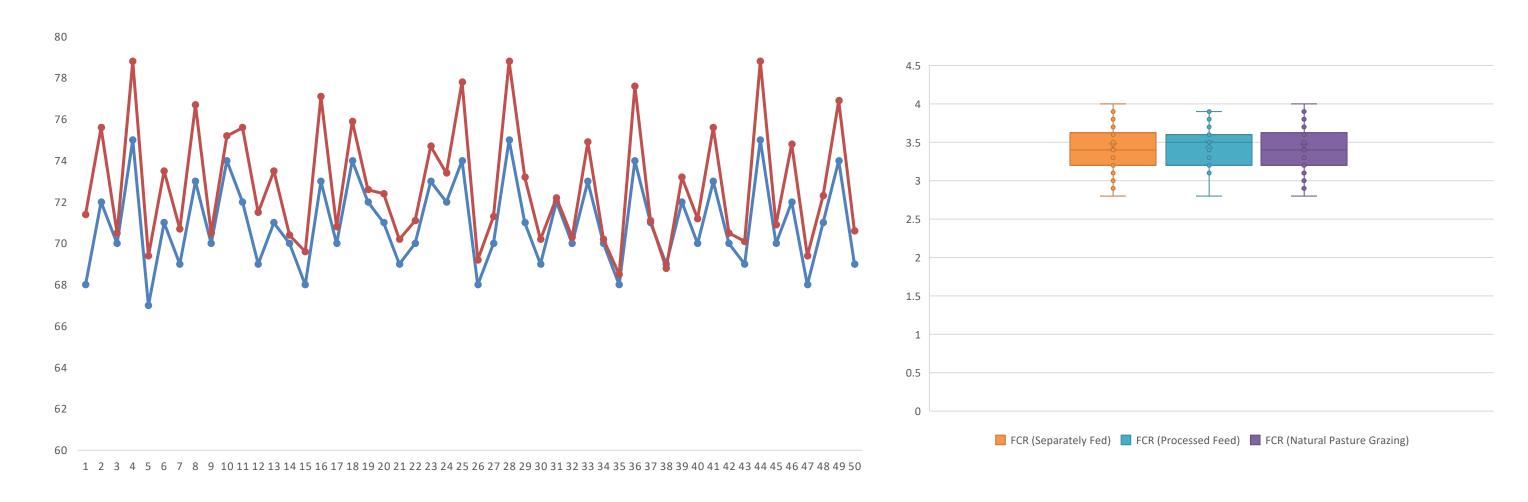
Youth group sheep fattening: a springboard to climate-resilient farming and enhanced livelihoods in Ethiopia

Harnessing indigenous feed resources, resilient feed management, and modern sheep fattening techniques promote climate change resilience, sustainable livestock production, and livelihood in Ethiopia

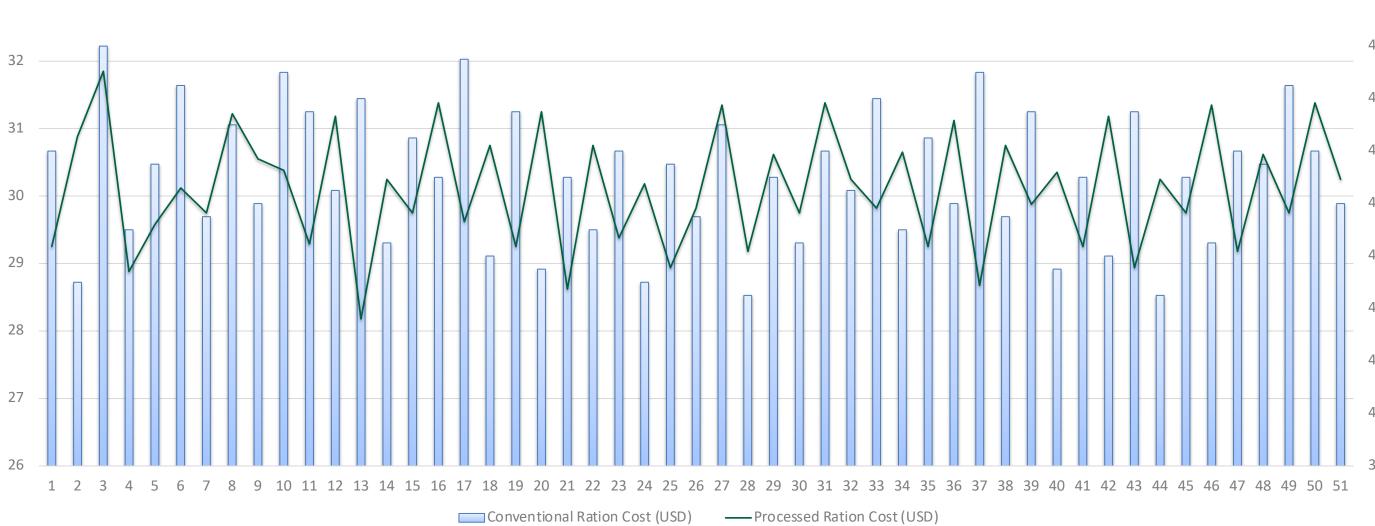


Progress/Outcomes

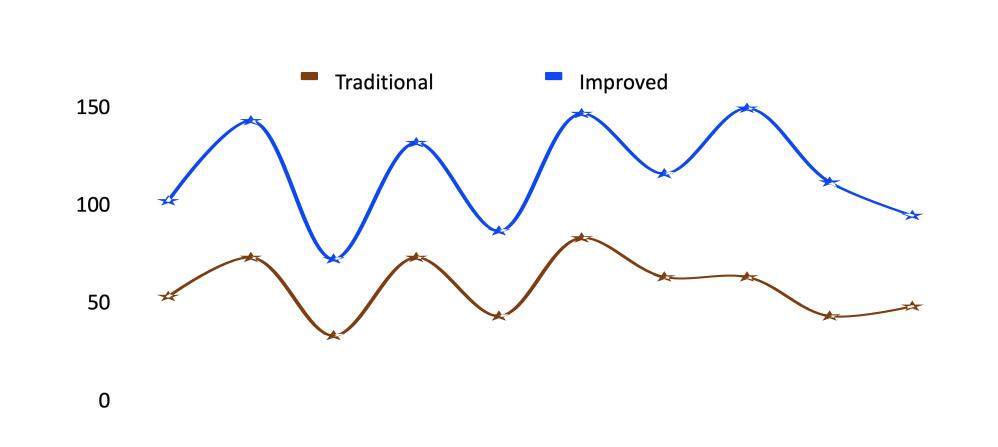
- Formed 44 sheep fattening groups with a total 1,098 youths, of which 47% women actively participated in and demonstrated improved fattening systems.
- Feed Efficiency: Enhanced feed utilization, with a 5 % increase



Economic Efficiency: allowing for 35% ration cost savings



The improved sheep fattening system demonstrates a significant 49% increase in income compared to the traditional fattening system.





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