



From left to right: Photos of policy brief preparation and launch. Below: Photo of pigsty

Challenge

- Climate-induced heat stress reduces pig growth, reproduction and health and may cause animals to die.
- Heat stress levels are high and likely to further increase in the future. The pig sector is at risk.
- Stakeholders in the value chain must act to tackle the impending impacts of heat stress on pigs.

Our approach

- Map out heat stress risk and explore adaptation options
- Prioritizing research output dissemination
- High-level workshops and policy brief launch
- Collaboration with other stakeholders in climate change advocacy
- Training of trainers about heat stress for wider impact

Results, outcomes, achievements

- Heat stress Policy brief and Training manual
- Stakeholder commitments to action
- Opportunity to meet with key decision makers in Ugandan government
- Signing of the National Climate Change Bill, 2020 into law



Heat stress: Policy recommendations and engagements for Uganda pig value chains



UGANDA MORE PORK PROJECT

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Project intervention Environment



Lessons and significance

- Collaboration among flagships and stakeholders is key to achieve desired results.
- High-level engagements are important for influencing policies to achieve wider impact.
- Focus of training of trainers has potential for ripple effects even after end of the project.

Partners

- International Livestock Research Institute
- Ministry of Agriculture, Animal Industry and Fisheries
- Local Governments
- Makerere University



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