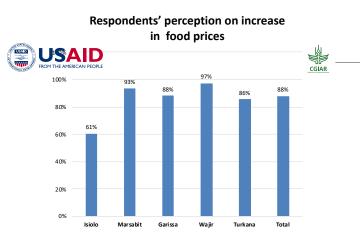
KENYA ACCELERATED VALUE CHAIN DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM



Context

- The Northern Kenya is inhabited by pastoralists who depend on livestock for their food and income, also markets for other foods.
- The COVID-19 prevention measures put in place by the Kenyan government have effects on food security and nutrition of the pastoral communities
- The study aimed to investigate the effects of the pandemic to guide response by public and private actors to protect the livelihoods and resilience of the communities

Our innovative approach

• The study used telephone interviews to collect primary data all through the study

Effects of COVID-19 on food security and nutrition in northern Kenya



Esther Omosa, Muthoni Njiru

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AVCD LIVESTOCK COMPONENT

- Reduced income and rise in food prices affected the affordability of food. Access to food declined due to closure of markets and movement restrictions for the food sellers (mobile) and potential buyers
- Food consumption at household level reduced in variety and in quantities both per serving and number of meals per day
- Utilization of nutrition services such as micronutrient supplementation, deworming, growth monitoring reduced, also nutrition messaging at community level due to fear of getting infected.



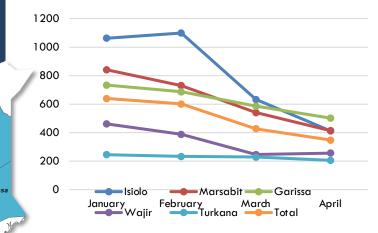
Marsabi

FOOD & NUTRITION

SECURITY

Results/Impact

Kilograms of Meat sold by Month



Future steps

- The recommendations from the study target various livestock value chain actors proposing actions towards the response
- Conduct follow up face to face study on the effects of COVID-19

Partners









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